# 香港濕地公園

Hong Kong Wetland Park

\* 8



## 遊覽**小贴士** Tips for Visitors



為了你的旅程愉快,出發前: To ensure a pleasant journey, before your trip:

可留意香港天文台網頁所提供的潮汐資料;潮退時,河畔觀鳥屋外會有較多雀鳥出現,在紅樹林浮橋兩旁的泥灘,會較容易看到彈塗魚和招潮蟹。

Check out information on tidal level on the Hong Kong Observatory website. When the tidal level is low, there are usually more birds outside Riverside Hide, and it is easier to find fiddler crabs and mudskippers on the mudflat along the Mangrove Boardwalk.



## 愛護我們的環境:

Protect our natural environment:

請勿喧嘩、奔跑。保護區是很多小動物的家園,如螞蟻或蜜蜂,遇見牠們時要保持冷靜。

Please do not run or shout. The Reserve Area is home for many wildlife including ants and bees, please stay calm when you meet them.

為免干擾鳥類及其他野生生物,請勿穿着顏色鮮艷的衣服。

To avoid disturbance to birds and other wildlife, do not dress in bright colours.



不要觸摸野生動物、雀鳥羽毛或其排泄物,參觀公園後請洗手。

Please do not touch wild birds, their feathers or droppings. Wash hands after the visit.

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## 我的家庭成员 My Family Members

姓名 Name:

最喜愛的動物/植物 Favourite animals/plants:

姓名 Name:

最喜愛的動物/植物 Favourite animals/plants:

姓名 Name:

最喜愛的動物/植物 Favourite animals/plants:

姓名 Name:

最喜愛的動物/植物 Favourite animals/plants: Introduction



香港濕地公園是以濕地為主題並集合教育、自然 護理和生態旅遊功能的設施。公園於2006年開放 予公眾人士參觀,擁有佔地60公頃的濕地保護區 和約10,000平方米的訪客中心。

濕地保護區擁有多種不同的生態環境,包括河 溪、紅樹林、淡水沼澤、蘆葦床、泥灘和濕耕農 田等。這裏是多種昆蟲、魚類、兩棲動物、爬行 動物、鳥類和哺乳類動物的棲身之所。濕地保護區 更設有三間觀鳥屋,可讓遊客近距離觀察鳥類。

訪客中心設有主題展覽廊、資源中心、放映室、禮 品店、餐廳及室內遊戲區。

快來香港濕地公園展開難忘的濕地之旅!

Hong Kong Wetland Park (HKWP) is a facility incorporating functions of education, conservation and ecotourism using wetlands as the main theme. It was open to the public in 2006. The Park comprises a 60-hectare Wetland Reserve and a 10,000-square-meter Visitor Centre.

The Wetland Reserve is composed of diverse wetland habitats including streams, mangroves, freshwater marshes, reedbed, mudflat and wet farms. It is the home for a variety of insects, fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. There are three Bird Hides in the Wetland Reserve for visitors to take a closer look at the birds.

The Visitor Centre has themed exhibition galleries, resource centre, theatre, souvenir shop, café and a play area.

Let's start a memorable wetland journey at HKWP!

## **訪客資訊** Visitor Information



## 怎樣前往香港濕地公園?

How to get to Hong Kong Wetland Park?



### 掃瞄二維碼取得乘搭其他公共交通工具的方法:

Scan the QR code for other public transportation methods:





中文

English





# 節客中心 Visitor Centre

## 濕地知多少? What are Wetlands?

and values of wetlands.

介紹拉姆薩爾濕地、濕地的功能和價值 Introduces the Ramsar Site, the functions



# 北地苔原 Frozen North

Wetlands are places w

展示北地苔原的生物多樣性、極北地帶的 濕地及動物遷徙故事。

Displays the biodiversity of the northern tundra, wetland environment in the North Pole and stories of migratory animals.



呈現熱帶泥炭沼澤的生態環境,了解在熱帶沼 澤生活的動物(如龍魚)。

Showcases the environment of tropical peat swamp, to know more about the lives of the animals (e.g. Asian Arowana) in the swamp.





# 

展示香港具代表性或常見的濕地物 種,如馬蹄蟹、招潮蟹及彈途魚等。

Displays common or signature wetland species in Hong Kong, such as horseshoe crabs, fiddler crabs and mudskippers.

# Human Culture

展示濕地與人類文化發展的關係。

Illustrates the relationship between wetlands and human culture development.





## 濕地挑戰 Wetland Challenge

帶領訪客透過連串電腦互動遊戲,探討人類活動對 濕地造成的威脅,以及如何保護天然資源。

Helps visitors to learn how human activities adversely affect the wetlands and how to protect natural resources on the Earth through interactive games.

# Theatre

播放以濕地為主題的影片,以及 定期舉辦公眾講座和學校活動。

Shows fascinating videos on wetlands and serves as a venue for public seminars and school activities.



# 選地保護區 Wetland Reserve

貝貝之家 : \///

Pui Pui's Home

在貝貝之家展開濕地生態之旅和認識小灣鱷「貝貝」 的故事。

Begin the journey to explore the biodiversity of wetlands and visit Pui Pui, the saltwater crocodile at her home.



濕地探索中心 Wetland Discovery Centre

沿途可以看到睡蓮、荷花,以及不同種類的蜻蜓。

Say hello to different types of dragonflies, waterlilies and lotus on your way.

# 紅樹林浮橋 Mangrove Boardwalk

浮橋會隨着潮汐漲退而升降,兩旁有多種紅樹, 潮退時你還可看到許多潮間帶動物,如招潮蟹和 彈塗魚等,十分有趣。

The boardwalk moves upward and downward according to tidal changes. Along the Mangrove

Boardwalk, you can find different species of mangroves. During low tides, you may even find many interesting intertidal animals such as fiddler crabs and mudskippers.





## 泥灘觀鳥屋 Mudflat Hide 河畔觀鳥屋 Riverside Hide

魚塘觀鳥屋 Fishpond Hide

從這三間觀鳥屋,你可以觀看到各類的留鳥和候鳥如鷺鳥、翠鳥及黑臉琵鷺等。

From these bird hides, you can look for a great variety of resident and migratory birds such as egrets, kingfishers and Black-faced Spoonbills.

# 原野漫遊徑 Wildside Walk

走進保護區的原野地帶,體驗季節性窪地、林地和草地。

Walk through the wildside of the reserve, and experience the seasonal ponds, woodland and grassland.





蝴蝶遠

蝴蝶園種植了許多 Butterfly Garden 蝴蝶喜愛的蜜源植物 及寄主植物,吸引各種

蝴蝶前來翩翩起舞。

The Butterfly Garden is planted with numerous nectar plants and food plants for butterflies. You can see different kinds of butterflies flying around.

## 野生動植物月曆 Wildlife Calendar

在不同季節裏,訪客在香港濕地公園可看到 不同的野生動植物。今天你又看到甚麼呢?

During different seasons, visitors can encounter different kinds of plants and animals at Hong Kong Wetland Park. What do you see today?







黑臉琵鷺 Black-faced Spoonbill

石斑木

Hong Kong

Hawthorn

小白鷺 Little Egret





弧邊招潮蟹

Uca (Tubuca) arcuata

絹斑蝶 Glassy Tiger

北紅尾鴝 Daurian Redstart

3月

Mar

4月

Apr

2月

Feb



紅腳鷸 Common Redshank





荷花 (蓮) **Indian Lotus** 

蒼鷺 Grey Heron



Swallowtail



11月

8月

Aug

Spring

12月

Dec

夏 Summer 5月 May 7月 6月 Jun

1月

Jan

Winter



圓葉節節菜 Round-leaved Rotala



翠胸黃蟌 Orange-tailed Sprite



白胸苦惡鳥 White-breasted Waterhen



白鶺鴒 White Wagtail







溪畔漫游徑 Stream Walk

蝴蝶園 Butterfly Garden

植物 Plants



## 快前往詢問愿蓋上春季



- 棄和果實帶有香味 Fragrant leaves and fruits
- 像薑或豆鼓的味道,或帶有檸檬的香氣 Smells like ginger, pickled black bean, or with some scent

#### Fragrant Litsea

- of lemon

### 珊瑚樹 **Sweet Viburnum**

- 白色小花在春天開放
- Small and white fragrant flowers blossom in spring
- 夏天則會結出一串串珊瑚紅色的果實 Clusters of red fruits in summer
- ♥ 果實成熟時會變成黑色 Fruits turn black when mature



## 林島 Woodland Birds

大自然之最 Amazing Wildlife



### 最有技巧的獵人 The most skillful hunter

棕背伯勞專門捕獵細小動物,甚 至小島。牠有時會把獵物插在枝 頭上,然後以強壯的喙部啄食。

Long-tailed Shrike is a skillful hunter that preys on small animals or even small birds. Sometimes it hangs its prey on branches when feeding with its strong bill.



# **最懶惰的雀鳥爸媽**

The laziest bird parents

噪鵑從不築巢, 牠們會在其他雀鳥的巢內 產卵,然後由寄養父母孵蛋及養育雛鳥。

學鵑 Asian Koel

Asian Koel never builds nests. They lay eggs in the nest of other birds and let the "foster parent" incubate and take care of its young birds.



黑臉噪鶥 Masked Laughingthrush

## 最響点的歌唱家

The loudest singer

黑臉噪鶥經常小群地出沒,叫聲十分響亮, 常發出「標——標——」的叫聲。

Masked Laughingthrush usually gathers in small flocks. It is featured with its loud calls "piew-piew".



**Oriental Magpie Robin** 



## 最多變的模仿大師

The most intelligent mimicker

大部分雀鳥只會發出一、兩種叫聲,但鵲鴝卻 會發出多種不同的聲音,有時甚至會模仿其他 雀鳥的叫聲。

Most birds have one to two specific calls. The Oriental Magpie Robin is capable of making numerous different voices, sometimes imitating the calls of other birds.



## 過境遷徙島 Passage Migrants



## 牛背鷺 Eastern Cattle Egret

於繁殖季節,頭、頸 和背部的羽毛會轉換 成鮮明的橙黃色

Feathers on its head, neck and back turn into distinctive bright orangeyellow in breeding season



#### 白腰杓鷸 Eurasian Curlew

大型涉禽,嘴長而向下彎; 上身淡褐色,帶有黑色縱 紋,腹部及尾下白色

Large-sized wader with long, decurved bill. Light brown upperpart with blackish brown streaks, white belly and undertail



Pheasant-tailed Jacana

水雉

警殖到 Breeding Plumage

池鷺 Chinese Pond Heron

部分雄性鳥類會在繁殖 期更換艷麗的羽毛來求偶。 Some male birds moult and wear a bright nuptial plumage to attract

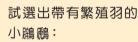
mate during courtship season.

## 水雉

Pheasant-tailed Jacana

金黃色後頸,長長的腳和腳趾有助在浮葉植物上行走

Golden yellow hideneck, long legs and toes which allow them to walk on floating-leave plant



Find the Little Grebe with breeding plumage:





# Summer



溪畔漫遊徑 Stream Walk

演替之路 Succession Walk

生態探索區 Life Zone

## 昆蟲 Insects

即使體形細小的昆蟲也有保護自己的方法!

Even small insects have their ways to protect themselves!

## 眼斑 一 美眼蛺蝶

後翅上的「假眼」令敵人誤 以為是大型動物的眼睛,不 敢靠近。

#### **Eyespots - Peacock Pansy**

The "eyespots" on hindwings that resemble the eyes of large animals can scare off predators.

#### 美眼蛺蝶吃甚麼呢? (可選多於一個)

What does Peacock Pansy feed on?

(Can choose more than one)

- A. 花蜜 Nectar
- B. 樹汁 Tree sap
- C. 水 Water
- D. 糞便 Dung
- E. 腐果 Overripe fruit 🕡



## 擬態 一 竹節蟲

修長的身驅與樹枝相似,讓自己隱 身於植物枝幹中,避免敵人發現。

#### **Mimicry - Stick Insects**

The long and slim stick insect mimics tree twigs and avoids predators by staying out of sight.

## 假死 一 白點星花金龜

有些昆蟲受到威脅時,身體會蜷 縮、靜止不動或從原停留處落 下。天敵會對「屍體」失去興趣 而離開。

#### Apparent death - Oriental Flower Beetle

When threatened, some insects feign death by drawing their legs close to the body, lying still or falling to the ground. The predator will

lose interest in "dead prev" and leave.

炎炎夏日,小生命穿梭於花間草叢中。你認識這些鮮艷漂亮的昆蟲嗎? When summer comes, small creatures wander among plants. Do you know these colourful insects?



#### 直錐象 Bamboo Weevil

- 擁有修長的口器(喙部) An elongated mouthpart
- 紅褐色和呈菱形的身體 Reddish-brown rhombus body



#### 紅蟬 **Red-nosed Cicada**

- 黑色的翅膀 Black wings



₽ 腹部有發光器 Has light-emitting organs on abdomen



## 粒肩天牛 **Long-horned Beetle**

- 長長的觸角
   Long pair of antennae
- 黃褐色的身體
   Yellowish-brown body

提提你 一 昆蟲基本特徵:

Reminder - General Characteristics of Insects:



- 三對有關節的足
   Three pairs of segmented legs
- 大部分具有翅膀和一對觸角 Almost all of them have wings and a pair of antenna

蜘蛛是昆蟲嗎? Is spider an insect?





## 雨棲類 Amphibians

#### 蛙蛙奏鳴曲 **Frog Songs**

掃瞄二維碼聽聽我們的叫聲 Scan QR codes and listen our songs

### 誰是雄性?誰是雌性? 請圈出正確答案。

Which is a male? Which is a female? Please choose the correct answer.

## **Russet Percher**

雄蟲:紅褐色翅膀,近翅尖有圓形透明無色區域

網脈蜻

雌蟲:黃褐色翅膀,翅尖黃褐色較淡

Males: Reddish brown wings with clear and colourless circular

areas at the tips

Females: Yellowish brown wings with paler colour at

the tips

or rocks.

## 霸王葉春蜓 **Common Flangetail**

大型蜻蜓,黑色的胸部和腹部帶有 黃色斑紋

A large-sized dragonfly with yellow stripes on the black synthorax and abdomen





斑腿泛樹蛙 **Brown Tree Frog** 

## 翠胸黃蟌 **Orange-tailed Sprite**

橄欖綠色的胸部和橙紅色的腹部

With distinctive olive green thorax and orange-red abdomen



複眼

翅膀

Wings

Compound Eye



沼蛙 Günther's Frog



蜻蜓和豆娘的分别 Differences between dragonflies and damselflies

蜻蜓 Dragonflies

大部分的眼睛緊密相連 Eyes are generally set

closely together 前後翅形狀大小都不同 Forewing and hindwing are not similar in shape and size 豆娘 Damselflies

雙眼明顯分開 Eyes are set obviously apart

前後翅相似 Forewing and hindwing are

花狹口蛙 **Asiatic Painted Frog** 



# AUGUMA



河畔觀鳥屋 Riverside Hide

紅樹林浮橋 Mangrove Boardwalk

蝴蝶園 Butterfly Garden

蝴蝶

Butterflies

來幫助金斑蝶尋找所有的蜜源植物吧!
Help the Plain Tiger to find all the nectar plants!

快前往詢問處蓋上秋季 限定印章!

Go to the Information Counter and get the

入口 Entrance

認識蝴蝶和牠們的幼蟲食用植物 Know more about butterfly and larval plant



玉帶鳳蝶 Common Mormon 兩面針 Shiny-leaved Prickly Ash

後翅有一條由白色斑點組成的白 帶,翅膀以黑色為主。

Black hindwings consist of a white band made up of white spots.



黑面神 Waxy Leaf



Common Grass Yellow

翃膀以黃色為主,後翃腹面有零碎褐斑。

Wings are yellow in colour. The underside of hindwings is mottled brown.



翅莢決明 Winged Cassia

翅膀背面呈褐色,而翅膀腹面近翅尾部分 有金屬藍色的斑紋。

The upperside of its wings is brown. The underside has metallic blue scales near the wing tails.



薑花 Ginger Lily



出口 Exit 萊灰蝶 Chocolate Roval

薑弄蝶

**Grass Demon** 

翅膀背面呈深褐色,前翅有數個大小不一 的白斑,後翅中央有一大白斑,翅膀腹面 呈棕色。

The upperside of its wing is dark brown and its forewings have several irregular-sized white spots. Hindwings are marked by one large white spot and the underside is brown.



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## 紅樹林 Mangroves

## 大彈塗魚

**Great Blue Spotted Mudskipper** 

我的身體上有金屬藍色斑點,我喜歡吃藻類和有機物。

My body has metallic blue spots. I like eating algae and organic matters.



秋茄樹 (水筆仔) Kandelia obovata 木欖 Many-petaled Mangrove

這兩種紅樹的胚軸成熟時, 都會脫離母株,插在泥土中 成長。

When mature, the droppers of these mangroves detach from the parent plants and anchor the soil.



哪一位是我的爸爸? Who is my dad?

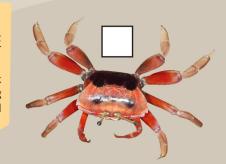
招潮蟹 Fiddler Crab





我體形較小,身上滿布深色的斑紋。我喜歡吃昆蟲和小螃蟹。

I have a smaller size with dark strips on body. I like eating insects and small crabs.









演替之路 Succession Walk

觀鳥屋 Bird Hides

快前往詢問處蓋上冬季限定印章! Go to the Information Counter and get the winter edition stamp

香港屬於「東亞—澳大利西亞飛行路線」的其中一站,每年春秋 兩季都有大量水鳥途徑香港或於香港度冬。

Hong Kong is one of the stops in the East Asian-Australasian Flyway. Every autumn and spring, a large number of waterbirds pass through or overwinter in Hong Kong.

#### 香港濕地公園訪客證 Hong Kong Wetland Park Visitor Pass

#### 姓名 Name: 黑臉琵鷺

Black-faced Spoonbill

#### 外觀 Appearance: 黑色的臉

Black face 長而呈匙狀的嘴 Long spoon-like bill

## 到訪時段 Visiting Period

每年秋冬季 Every autumn and winter 全球瀕危物種

A globally endangered species

## 水島 Waterbirds

試把以下的雀鳥配上適當的描述 Match the bird to the correct description





## 大白鷺: 全黑色的長腳

**Great Egret:** 

Black feet





## 小白鷺:

黑色的腳和黃色的腳趾

#### **Little Egret:**

Black legs with yellow toes





## 黑翅長腳鷸:

非常長的粉紅色腳

### Black-winged Stilt:

Very long pink legs





### 紅腳鷸:

鮮明的紅或橙色腳

#### Common Redshank:

Obvious red or orange legs

## 雀鳥大搜查

Birds Investigation

連連看,看看反嘴鷸的模樣 Gonnect the dots to see Pied Avocet



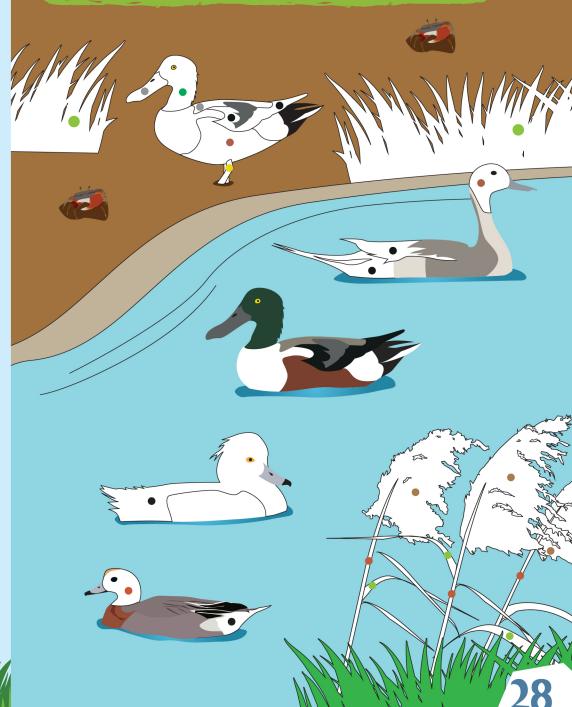
今天,我在濕地公園看到\_\_\_\_\_隻紅耳鵯和\_\_\_\_\_隻珠頸斑鳩。

Today, I found \_\_\_\_\_ Red-whiskered Bulbul(s) and \_\_\_\_\_ Spotted Dove(s) at Hong Kong Wetland Park.



依照色點填上相關顏色,把美麗的濕地呈現出來。

Colour the blanks according to the colour spots and you will see the beauty of wetlands.



## 遊戲答案 Answers

春 Spring (p.16)



## 夏 Summer (p.17-19)

- B. 樹汁 Tree sap,
- D. 糞便 Dung &
- E. 腐果 Overripe fruit

蜘蛛不是昆蟲。 Spider is not an insect.

**\*** Autumn (p.21&24)







**冬 Winter** (p.26)











# 大白鷺: 全黑色的長腳

**Great Egret:** Black feet

## 小白鷺:

黑色的腳和黃色的腳趾

### Little Egret:

Black legs with yellow toes

## 黑翅長腳鷸: 非常長的粉紅色腳

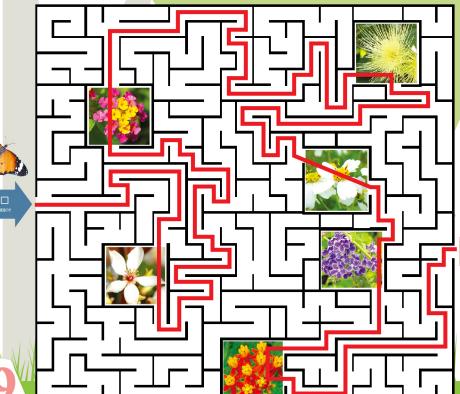
Black-winged Stilt:

Very long pink legs

**紅腳鷸:** 鮮明的紅或橙色腳

### Common Redshank:

Obvious red or orange legs







## 常見動植物

## Common Animals and Plants



池鷺 Chinese Pond Heron



斑魚狗 Pied Kingfisher



普通翠鳥 Common Kingfisher



報喜斑粉蝶 Red-base Jezebel



斑麗翅蜻 Variegated Flutterer



黄翅蜻 Asian Amberwing



青腳鷸 Common Greenshank



白鶺鴒 White Wagtail



黃腹鷦鶯 Yellow-bellied Prinia



杯斑小蟌 Orange-tailed Midget



緑斑蟌 Blue Sprite



大木林蜘蛛 Golden Orb Web Spider



八哥 Crested Myna



虎斑蝶 Common Tiger



波蜆蝶 Punchinello



變色樹蜥 Changeable Lizard



長尾南蜥 Long-tailed Skink



紅頰獴 Small Asian Mongoose

## 常見動植物

## Common Animals and Plants



條紋四鬚舥 (七星魚) **Chinese Barb** 



中華中相手蟹 Sesarmops sinensis



福壽螺 **Golden Apple Snail** 



露兜樹 **Screw Pine** 



睡蓮 Water-lily



粉綠狐尾藻 Myriophyllum aquaticum



茳芏/鹹水草 Malacca Galingale



豬籠草 **Pitcher Plant** 



水金英 **Water Poppy** 

## **强地**走步走 Running Wetland

適合二至四位玩家

遊戲配件:

4個動物棋子、1個骰子和1個棋盤\*

\*棋盤在背頁封套內

#### 玩法:

- 1. 玩家從「起點」開始,擲骰決定先後次 序,數值最大先行,如此類推。
- 2. 玩家按次序輪流擲骰, 骰子數值決定前
- 3. 部分格子會出現指示,玩家需要按格上 的指示前進或後退。
- 4. 最快到達「終點」的玩家勝出。

For two to four players

Equipment:

Four animal chess pieces, a dice and a chessboard\* \*The chessboard is provided inside the pocket

#### Instruction:

- 1. Players begin at "START". Then, roll the dice to determine the order and the player who gets the largest number can go
- 2. Players roll the dice and move according to the number on
- 3. Some spaces contain instruction for moving further or
- 4. The first player who reaches "END" is the winner.







3. 在灰色位置塗上膠水 Glue on the grey area













